# Estimating the equity beta of Norsk Hydro, 2021

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In the CAPM, the *equity beta* of a stock is an estimate of the degree to which the stock covaries with the broad equity market, typically proxied by an broad stock market index.

If we let replace the stock return, and replace the market return, both

If we let  $r_{it}$  be the stock return, and  $r_{mt}$  the market return, both observed at time t, the beta  $\beta_i$  is calculated as

$$\beta_i = \frac{\mathsf{cov}(r_{it}, r_{mt})}{\mathsf{var}(r_{mt})}$$

beta needs to be estimated.

Typical procedure: historical returns

▶ the stock

stock market index.

## **Estimating NHY beta**

#### Gather data: Internet

Norsk Hydro ASA (NHY.OL)
Oslo - Oslo Delayed Price. Currency in NOK

#### **59.86** -0.88 (-1.45%)

As of 03:23PM CEST, Market open.

Summary	Chart	Conversat	ions	Statistics	Historical Data
Previous Close		60.74	Mar	ket Cap	123.235B
Open		60.00		a (5Y nthly)	1.39
Bid	59.9	98 x 1100	PE F	Ratio (TTM)	5.01
Ask	60.04	x 410000	EPS	(TTM)	11.98
Day's Range	59.3	32 - 60.68	Earr	nings Date	Oct 25, 2022
52 Week Range	51.6	54 - 94.82		ward dend & Yield	3.40 (5.60%)
Volume	1	,728,362	Ex-E	Dividend Date	Sep 21, 2022
Avg. Volume	4	1,663,350	1у Т	arget Est	76.86



# Estimating NHY beta

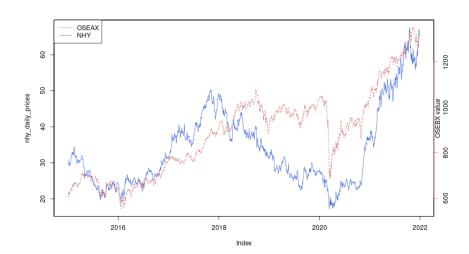
Date for estimation: Yearend 2021.

Using data 2017-2021.

Five years of monthly returns.

Index choice: OSEAX.

# Estimating NHY beta - evolution of index and NHY



# Estimating NHY beta - actual calculation - in R

Actual estimation is illustrated using R (refer to your quantitative courses):

To calculate beta, read the data on NHY and the stock market index.

R actually has routine for downloading stock market data from Yahoo finance (and calculating returns).

# Estimating NHY beta - actual calculation - in R

```
Align data:
```

1.53

## Estimating NHY beta - actual calculation - in R

Alternatively, estimate beta as the coefficient estimate of a regression with  $r_{it}$  (NHY return) as the dependent variable, and  $r_{mt}$  (stock index return) as explanatory variable:

$$r_{it} = a_i + \beta_i r_{mt} + \varepsilon_{it}$$

> regr <- lm(ri~rm)</pre>

	Dependent variable:
	ri
rm	1.529***
	(0.233)
Constant	0.002
	(0.010)
Observations	59
Adjusted R <sup>2</sup>	0.420
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<